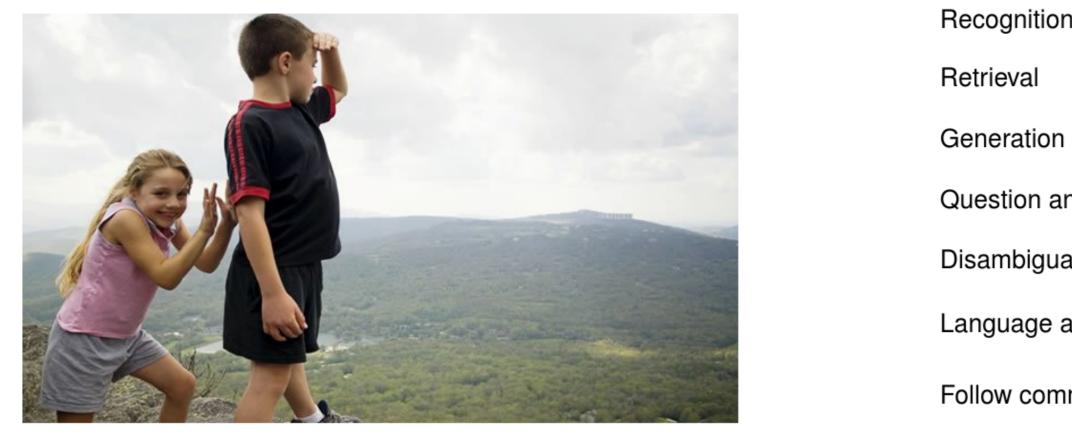
Humans use language in extremely diverse ways



Caption, answer questions, understand a description, explain it to someone, engage in a conversation, give agents commands, imagine something different, recognize its description in a story, rewrite that description in another language, Planning understand if someone is missing the point, reproduce it, intervene, etc.

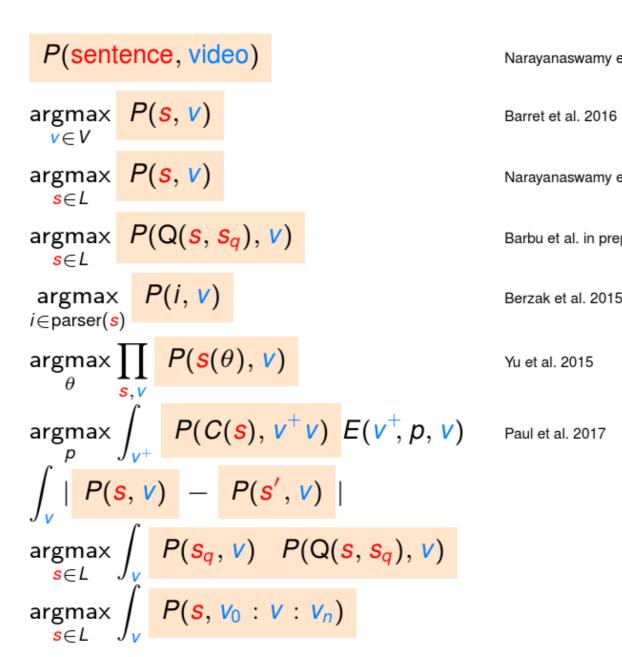
Models of language learning that are grounded in perception



College of Computing

Flexible Intelligence By Integrating Language and Perception

- Question answering
- Disambiguation
- Language acquisition
- Follow commands
- Paraphrasing
- Common sense reasoning



New tasks like visual disambiguation and zero-shot SNLI

Narayanaswamy et al. 2014 Generated 250 sentences with 2 to 6 interpretations and filmed each. Over 2000 clips.

Danny approached the chair with a yellow bag.

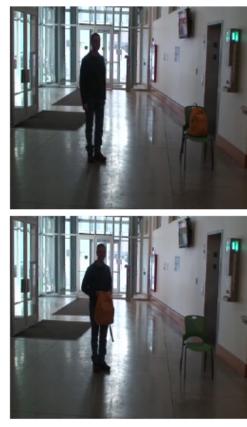
Narayanaswamy et al. 20

Barbu et al. in prep

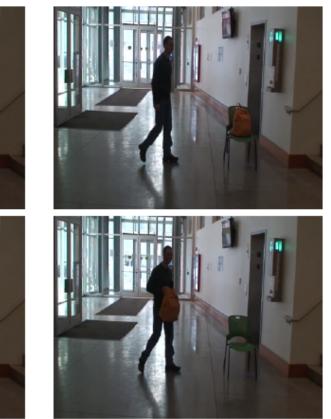
Berzak et al. 2015

Yu et al. 2015

Paul et al. 2017



The future is in interactive models that understand intent & physics





Comparing sentences vs Parikh et al. 2016 + ELMo

Does the sentence above imply the one below, and vice versa?

Alice carried the chair Alice held the chair

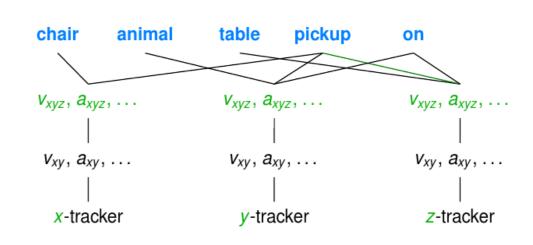
Alice carried the chair towards Ben Alice approached Ben

Alice carried the chair towards Ben Alice left Ben

Alice picked up the chair, and Ben put down the Ben picked up the chair, and Alice put down the



2D and 3D velocities & distances are not invariant as the viewpoint changes. The contact, forces, and support are invariant for many actions.



	Gr	ound C	Durs T	⁻ heirs
	↓	Y	Y	N
	↑	N	N	Y
	↓	Y	Y	N
	↑	N	N	Y?
	↓	N	N	Y?
	↑	N	N	Y?
bag	↓	N	N	Y
bag	↑	N	N	Y

